Please check the examination detail	ls below before ente	ering your candidate information
Candidate surname		Other names
Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9–1)	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Aiming for 9 – Spr	ring 2022	2 practice paper
Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes	s) Paper R	eference 1MA1/2H
Mathematics		
Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier		
You must have: Ruler graduated protractor, pair of compasses, per Tracing paper may be used.		- 11

#### **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
   there may be more space than you need.
- You must show all your working.
- Diagrams are NOT accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- Calculators may be used.

#### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80. There are 21 questions.
- Questions have been arranged in an ascending order of mean difficulty, as found by Grade 7 students in June and November examinations.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

#### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

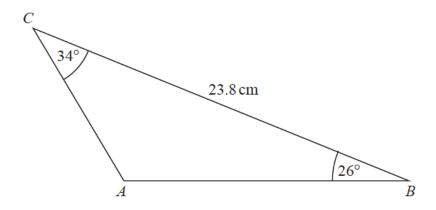


## Answer ALL questions.

# Write your answers in the spaces provided.

## You must write down all the stages in your working.

# 1 Here is triangle *ABC*.



Work out the length of *AB*. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

.....cr

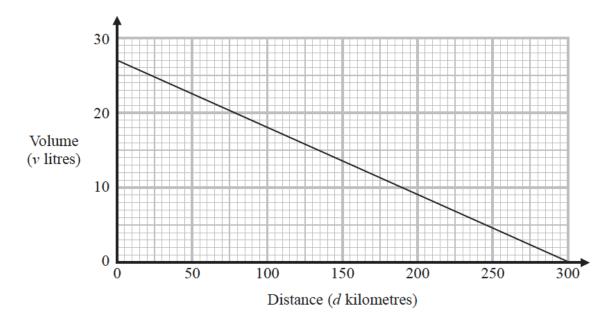
(Total for Question 1 is 3 marks)

2 Louise invests £x in Better Investments for 3 years. Sadiq invests £x in County Bank for 3 years. **County Bank Better Investments** Compound Interest Compound Interest 2.5% per annum 2% per annum for the first two years 3.5% per annum for each extra year At the end of the 3 years, the value of Louise's investment is £344 605 Work out the value of Sadiq's investment at the end of the 3 years.

£.....

(Total for Question 2 is 4 marks)

3 The graph gives information about the volume, v litres, of petrol in the tank of Jim's car after it has travelled a distance of d kilometres.



(a) Find the gradient of the graph.

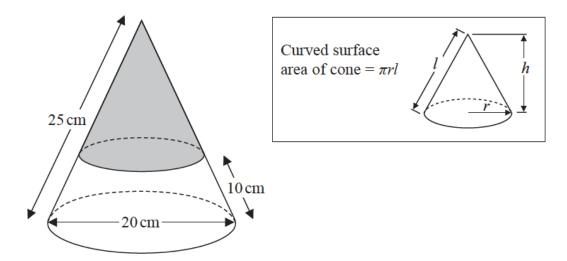
(2)		
	Interpret what the gradient of the graph represents.	(b)
		•••••
(1)		•••••
(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)		

4

4 Write down the coordinates of the turning point on the graph of  $y = (x + 12)^2 - 7$ 

(Total for Question 4 is 1 mark)

5 The diagram represents a solid cone.



The cone has a base diameter of 20 cm and a slant height of 25 cm.

A circle is drawn around the surface of the cone at a slant height of 10 cm above the base. The curved surface of the cone above the circle is painted grey.

Work out the area of the curved surface of the cone that is **not** painted grey. Give your answer as a multiple of  $\pi$  You must show all your working.

cm	2
(Total for Question 5 is 4 marks	(3

Here are two squares, <b>A</b> and <b>B</b> .
A B
The length of each side of square $\mathbf{B}$ is 4 cm greater than the length of each side of square $\mathbf{A}$ . The area of square $\mathbf{B}$ is 70 cm <sup>2</sup> greater than the area of square $\mathbf{A}$ .
Find the area of square <b>B</b> .
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. You must show all your working.
cm²
(Total for Question 6 is 4 marks)

7 (a) Use the iteration formula  $x_{n+1} = \sqrt[3]{10 - 2x_n}$  to find the values of  $x_1$ ,  $x_2$  and  $x_3$ Start with  $x_0 = 2$ 

 $x_1 = \dots$   $x_2 = \dots$   $x_3 = \dots$ (3)

The values of  $x_1$ ,  $x_2$  and  $x_3$  found in part (a) are estimates of the solution of an equation of the form  $x^3 + ax + b = 0$  where a and b are integers.

7

(b) Find the value of a and the value of b.

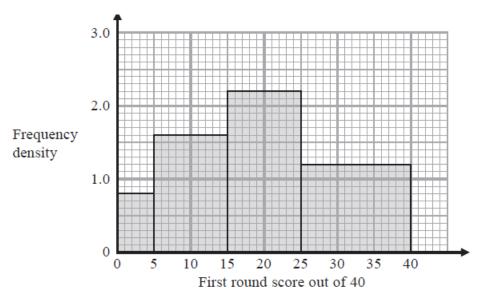
*a* = .....

*b* = ......(1)

(Total for Question 7 is 4 marks)

8 Some people took part in the first round of a competition.

The histogram gives information about the scores of these people in the first round.

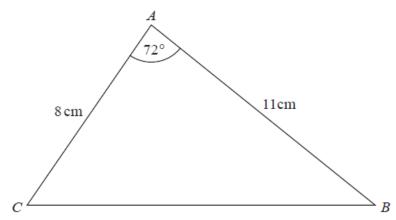


20% of the people got a score high enough for them to qualify for the second round.

Work out an estimate for the score needed to qualify for the second round. You must show all your working.

(Total for Question 8 is 4 marks)

**9** Here is triangle *ABC*.



(a) Find the length of BC. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

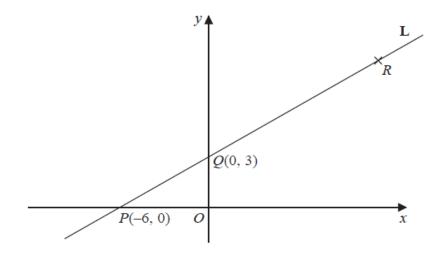
 cn
(3)

(b) Find the area of triangle ABC. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

 cm <sup>2</sup>
<b>(2)</b>

(Total for Question 9 is 5 marks)

10 Here is a sketch of the line L.



The points P(-6, 0) and Q(0, 3) are points on the line L.

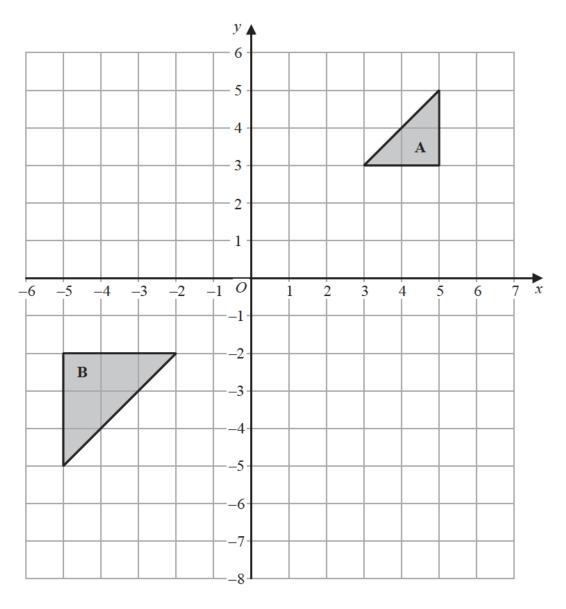
The point R is such that PQR is a straight line and PQ : QR = 2 : 3

(a) Find the coordinates of R.

(b) Find an equation of the line that is perpendicular to  $\mathbf L$  and passes through Q.

(3)

(Total for Question 10 is 5 marks)



	(Total for Question 11 is 2 marks)
Describe fully the single transformation that maps	triangle A onto triangle B.

12 The grouped frequency table gives information about the time, in minutes, taken by 50 people to solve a puzzle.

Time (t minutes)	Frequency
0 < t ≤ 10	5
$10 < t \le 20$	8
$20 < t \le 30$	12
$30 < t \le 40$	15
40 < t ≤ 50	7
50 < t ≤ 60	3

Brian was asked to draw a cumulative frequency table for this information.

This is the table that Brian drew.

Time (t minutes)	Cumulative frequency
$0 < t \le 10$	5
$10 < t \le 20$	13
$20 < t \le 30$	25
$30 < t \le 40$	40
40 < t ≤ 50	47
$50 < t \le 60$	50

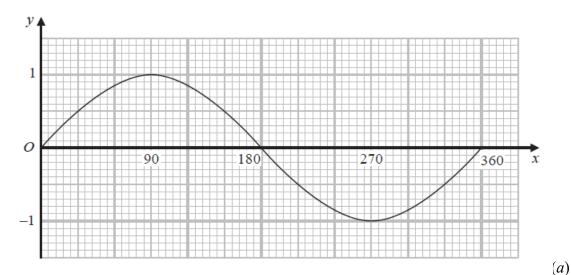
	(Total for Question 12 is 1 mark)
Write down <b>one</b> thing that is wrong with this cumulative	. ,

13	In a village,
	if it rains on one day, the probability that it will rain on the next day is 0.8 if it does <b>not</b> rain on one day, the probability that it will rain on the next day is 0.6
	A weather forecaster says,
	"There is a 70% chance that it will rain in the village on Monday."
	Work out an estimate for the probability that it will rain in the village on Wednesday. You must show all your working.

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(Total for Question 13 is 4 marks)

14 Here is a graph of  $y = \sin x^{\circ}$  for  $0 \le x \le 360$ 



Using this graph, find estimates of all four solutions of

$$\sin x^{\circ} = 0.6 \text{ for } 0 \le x \le 720$$

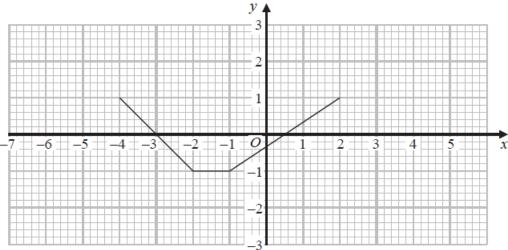
(2)

The graph of  $y = \sin x^{\circ}$  is reflected in the *x*-axis.

(b) Write down an equation of the reflected graph.

(1)

Here is a graph of y = f(x)



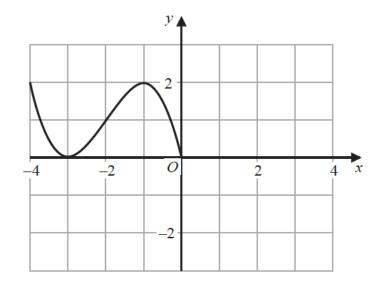
14

(c) On the grid, draw the graph of y = f(x-2)

**(1)** 

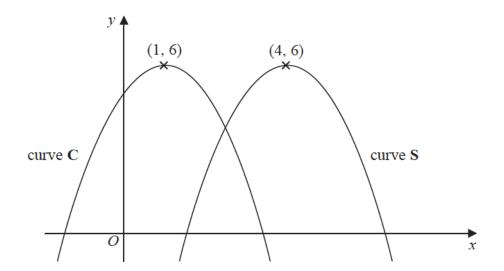
(Total for Question 14 is 4 marks)

15 The graph of the curve with equation y = f(x) is shown on the grid below.



(a) On the grid above, sketch the graph of the curve with equation y = f(-x)

**(2)** 



The curve C with equation  $y = 5 + 2x - x^2$  is transformed by a translation to give the curve S such that the point (1, 6) on C is mapped to the point (4, 6) on S.

15

(b) Find an equation for S.

(2)

(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)

- 16 There are only red sweets and yellow sweets in a bag.
  - There are n red sweets in the bag.
  - There are 8 yellow sweets in the bag.
  - Sajid is going to take at random a sweet from the bag and eat it.
  - He says that the probability that the sweet will be red is  $\frac{7}{10}$
  - (a) Show why the probability cannot be  $\frac{7}{10}$

- (3)
- After Sajid has taken the first sweet from the bag and eaten it, he is going to take at random a second sweet from the bag.
- Given that the probability that both the sweets he takes will be red is  $\frac{3}{5}$
- (b) work out the number of red sweets in the bag. You must show all your working.

(5) (Total for Question 16 is 8 marks)	

17	A, B and C are three spheres.			
	The volume of sphere <b>A</b> is 125 cm3 The volume of sphere <b>B</b> is 27 cm3			
	The ratio of the radius of sphere $\bf B$ to the radius of sphere $\bf C$ is 1:2			
	Work out the ratio of the surface area of sphere A to the surface area of sphere C.			
	(Total for Question 17 is 3 marks)			
	(Total for Question 17 is 3 mar)			

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18

19	A hot ai	r balloon	is c	lescending.
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The height of the balloon n minutes after it starts to descend is  $h_n$  metres.

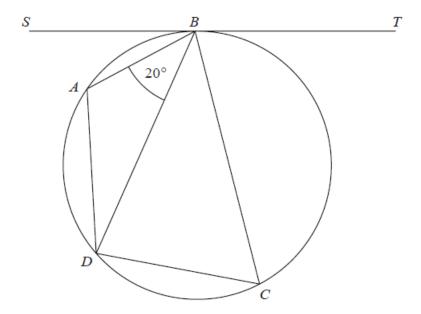
The height of the balloon (n + 1) minutes after it starts to descend,  $h_{n+1}$  metres, is given by

$$h_{n+1} = K \times h_n + 20$$
 where *K* is a constant.

The balloon starts to descend from a height of 1200 metres at 09 15 At 09 16 the height of the balloon is 1040 metres.

Work out the height of the balloon at 09 18

m
Total for Question 19 is 4 marks)



A, B, C and D are four points on a circle. SBT is a tangent to the circle. Angle  $ABD = 20^{\circ}$ 

the size of angle BAD: the size of angle BCD = 3:1

Find the size of angle *SBA*. Give a reason for each stage of your working.

(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)

	lower bound =
	upper bound =
	Use $\pi = 3.142$ You must show all your working.
	Work out the upper bound and the lower bound for the value of $g$ .
	l = 52.0 correct to 3 significant figures. T = 1.45 correct to 3 significant figures.
	Here are her results.
	Katie uses a simple pendulum in an experiment to find an estimate for the value of $g$ .
	$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$
21	The time period, $T$ seconds, of a simple pendulum of length $l$ cm is given by the formula